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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

----- X
BNP PARIBAS,

Plaintiff,

-against-

THE REPUBLIC OF ARGENTINA,

Defendant.
----- X

06 CV 14339 (TPG)

~~PROPOSED~~ ORDER AND OPINION

Plaintiff is the beneficial owner of certain bond indebtedness issued by defendant, the Republic of Argentina (the "Republic"). The Republic defaulted on such indebtedness in December 2001 during a profound fiscal crisis. Plaintiff is suing to recover amounts due to them as a result of the default and has moved for summary judgment.

The motion is granted.

FACTS

The bond indebtedness at issue is governed by one of two agreements: (1) a Fiscal Agency Agreement dated October 19, 1994 (the "1994 FAA") or (2) a USD Discount and Par Bond Fiscal Agency Agreement dated April 7, 1993 (the "DPB FAA"). The 1994 FAA is

the same agreement that governed the bond indebtedness on which this court granted summary judgment to the plaintiffs in *Lightwater Corporation Ltd. v. Republic of Argentina*, No. 02 Civ. 3804, 2003 WL 1878420 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 14, 2003). Section 22 of the 1994 FAA and Section 16 of the DPB FAA state that the Republic waives sovereign immunity and consents to jurisdiction in any state or federal court in the borough of Manhattan in the City of New York. The 1994 FAA and the terms and conditions of the bonds issued pursuant to the DPB FAA provide that the Republic's obligations on the bonds are unconditional and that failure to make any payment of principal or interest for 30 days after the applicable payment date constitutes an event of default. A declaration by the Republic of a moratorium on the payment of principal or interest on its public external indebtedness is an event of default as well. Paragraph 12 of the 1994 FAA provides for acceleration of principal if there is a failure to pay interest or a moratorium. If either of these events occurs, "each holder of Securities of such Series may by such notice in writing declare the principal amount of Securities of such Series held by it to be due and payable immediately" The terms and conditions of the bonds issued pursuant to the DPB FAA permit acceleration of principal only by holders of at least 25% in aggregate of the outstanding principal amount of the bonds under each agreement.

On December 24, 2001 the Republic declared a moratorium on payments of principal and interest on the external debt of the Republic. The court refers to its previous opinions for a description of the circumstances of these defaults. *Lightwater*, 2003 WL 1878420, at *2; *Applestein v. Republic of Argentina*, No. 02 Civ. 1773, 2003 WL 1990206, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 29, 2003). On October 19, 2006, Plaintiff sent a notice of acceleration of all principal and accrued interest due on the debt securities governed by the 1994 FAA held by the Plaintiff to the Fiscal Agent of the Republic. Further, on December 15, 2006, Plaintiff sent a notice of

acceleration of all principal and accrued interest due on the debt securities governed by the DPB FAA held by the Plaintiff to the Fiscal Agent of the Republic. By notice dated February 2, 2007, the Fiscal Agent of the Republic advised Plaintiff that holders of more than 25% of the principal amount outstanding of the debt securities governed by the DPB FAA had declared such securities immediately due and payable.

The bonds that are the subject of this action are listed hereafter. Also listed are the amounts of the beneficial interests owned by the Plaintiff.¹

The following tables contain the necessary identifying information regarding each plaintiff's beneficial interests in bonds.

Table 1

<u>Plaintiff Bond Holder or Beneficial Owner:</u>	BNP Paribas
<u>Face Value</u>	\$29,000,000
<u>CUSIP No.:</u>	P048981BN8
<u>ISIN No.:</u>	XS0043119147
<u>Date of Issuance:</u>	March 31, 1993
<u>Date of Maturity:</u>	March 31, 2023
<u>Interest Rate/Payable:</u>	6%
<u>Date of Acquisition:</u>	Not Provided

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1. The court notes the distinction between bonds and beneficial interests. In some previous opinions, the court has simply referred to the plaintiffs as owners of "bonds," when in fact plaintiffs are technically owners of "beneficial interests in bonds." The Republic actually issues "a bond" to a depository. The depository, in some form, issues "participations" to brokers, who sell "beneficial interests" to purchasers. These beneficial interests are identified by reference to the underlying bond (CUSIP or ISIN number or both; date of issuance and maturity; rate of interest) and the principal amount of the beneficial interest. This distinction is discussed more fully in *Million Air Corp. v. Republic of Argentina*, No. 04 Civ. 1048, 2005 WL 256126 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 17, 2005).

<u>Acceleration:</u>	February 2, 2007
<u>Contract Documents</u> (FAA; FRB; Indenture; Offering Prospectus; Certificates, etc.):	DPB FAA
<u>Evidence of Ownership Proffered</u> (Account Statements; Letters; Notarized Statements, etc.):	Account statement from Clearstream Banking Luxembourg ("Clearstream"), dated as of April 11, 2007; undated copy of computer record reflecting a position in the same bonds held in Plaintiff's account at Clearstream.

Table 2

<u>Plaintiff Bond Holder or Beneficial Owner:</u>	BNP Paribas
<u>Face Value</u>	\$5,940,000
<u>CUSIP No.:</u>	P04981BQ1
<u>ISIN No.:</u>	XS0043118172
<u>Date of Issuance:</u>	March 31, 1993
<u>Date of Maturity:</u>	March 31, 2023
<u>Interest Rate/Payable:</u>	LIBOR + .8125
<u>Date of Acquisition:</u>	Not Provided
<u>Acceleration:</u>	February 2, 2007
<u>Contract Documents</u> (FAA; FRB; Indenture; Offering Prospectus; Certificates, etc.):	DPB FAA
<u>Evidence of Ownership Proffered</u> (Account Statements; Letters; Notarized Statements, etc.):	Account statement from Clearstream, dated as of April 11, 2007; undated copy of computer record reflecting a position in the same bonds held in Plaintiff's account at Clearstream.

Table 3

<u>Plaintiff Bond Holder or Beneficial Owner:</u>	BNP Paribas
<u>Face Value</u>	\$23,000,000
<u>CUSIP No.:</u>	040114AN0
<u>ISIN No.:</u>	US040114AN02
<u>Date of Issuance:</u>	October 9, 1996
<u>Date of Maturity:</u>	October 9, 2006
<u>Interest Rate/Payable:</u>	11.00%
<u>Date of Acquisition:</u>	Not Provided
<u>Acceleration:</u>	October 19, 2006
<u>Contract Documents</u> (FAA; FRB; Indenture; Offering Prospectus; Certificates, etc.):	1994 FAA
<u>Evidence of Ownership Proffered</u> (Account Statements; Letters; Notarized Statements, etc.):	Account statement from Euroclear Bank SA/NV ("Euroclear"), dated as of March 29, 2007; copy of computer record dated June 6, 2007 reflecting a position in the same bonds held in Plaintiff's account at Euroclear.

Table 4

<u>Plaintiff Bond Holder or Beneficial Owner:</u>	BNP Paribas
<u>Face Value</u>	\$35,000,000
<u>CUSIP No.:</u>	040114BE9
<u>ISIN No.:</u>	US040114BE93
<u>Date of Issuance:</u>	April 7, 1999
<u>Date of Maturity:</u>	April 7, 2009
<u>Interest Rate/Payable:</u>	11.75%

<u>Date of Acquisition:</u>	Not Provided
<u>Acceleration:</u>	October 19, 2006
<u>Contract Documents</u> (FAA; FRB; Indenture; Offering Prospectus; Certificates, etc.):	1994 FAA
<u>Evidence of Ownership Proffered</u> (Account Statements; Letters; Notarized Statements, etc.):	Account statement from Euroclear, dated as of March 29, 2007; copy of computer record dated June 6, 2007 reflecting a position in the same bonds held in Plaintiff's account at Euroclear.

Table 5

<u>Plaintiff Bond Holder or Beneficial Owner:</u>	BNP Paribas
<u>Face Value</u>	\$40,000,000
<u>CUSIP No.:</u>	040114GG9
<u>ISIN No.:</u>	US040114GG96
<u>Date of Issuance:</u>	June 19, 2001
<u>Date of Maturity:</u>	June 19, 2018
<u>Interest Rate/Payable:</u>	12.25%
<u>Date of Acquisition:</u>	Not provided
<u>Acceleration:</u>	October 19, 2006
<u>Contract Documents</u> (FAA; FRB; Indenture; Offering Prospectus; Certificates, etc.):	1994 FAA
<u>Evidence of Ownership Proffered</u> (Account Statements; Letters; Notarized Statements, etc.):	Account statement from Euroclear, dated as of March 29, 2007; copy of computer record dated June 6, 2007 reflecting a position in the same bonds held in Plaintiff's account at Euroclear.

Table 6

<u>Plaintiff Bond Holder or Beneficial Owner:</u>	BNP Paribas
<u>Face Value</u>	\$15,000,000
<u>CUSIP No.:</u>	040114BC3
<u>ISIN No.:</u>	US040114BC38
<u>Date of Issuance:</u>	February 25, 1999
<u>Date of Maturity</u>	February 25, 2019
<u>Interest Rate/Payable:</u>	12.125%
<u>Date of Acquisition:</u>	Not provided
<u>Acceleration:</u>	October 19, 2006
<u>Contract Documents</u> (FAA; FRB; Indenture; Offering Prospectus; Certificates, etc.):	1994 FAA
<u>Evidence of Ownership Proffered</u> (Account Statements; Letters; Notarized Statements, etc.):	Account statement from Euroclear, dated as of March 29, 2007; copy of computer record dated June 6, 2007 reflecting a position in the same bonds held in Plaintiff's account at Euroclear.

DISCUSSION

This Court has already granted summary judgment in other cases to plaintiffs seeking to collect on the Republic's defaulted bonds issued under the 1994 FAA. This has occurred in *Lightwater, supra*, *Mazzini v. Republic of Argentina*, No. 03 Civ. 8120, 2005 WL 743090 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 31, 2005), and other cases. Only certain specific issues need to be discussed in connection with the present motion.

Standing and Proof of Ownership

In the two opinions in *Fontana v. Republic of Argentina*, 415 F.3d 238 (2d Cir.2005), and *Applestein v. Province of Buenos Aires*, 415 F.3d 242 (2d Cir.2005), the Second

Circuit has held that an owner of a beneficial interest, such as the Plaintiff here, must receive authorization from the registered holder of the bond before it may sue, but that such authorization may be granted subsequent to the filing of a lawsuit. Alternatively, the Republic may waive the authorization requirement.

The Republic has agreed to waive objections based on lack of authorization where the court makes a finding of current ownership. *See* Transcript, March 28, 2006, *Cilli v. Republic of Argentina* (04 Civ. 6594).

Here, Plaintiff has adequately demonstrated through its account statements that it owned its beneficial interests in 1) the bonds governed by the DPB FAA as of April 11, 2007; 2) the bonds governed by the 1994 FAA as of March 29, 2007. There is no evidence of any change of ownership thereafter.

CONCLUSION


The motion for summary judgment is granted. Judgment will be entered for the principal amount of the bonds issued under the 1994 FAA and the DPB FAA plus accrued interest.

The parties shall consult with one another concerning the form of the judgment and the amounts of interest that should be awarded in the judgment. If the parties are able to reach agreement, they shall jointly submit an agreed proposed judgment to the Court to be entered on a date agreed to by the parties upon consultation with Chambers. If the parties are unable to reach agreement on those subjects, Plaintiff shall submit a proposed judgment to the Court, and the Republic shall submit any objections to the proposed judgment within five business days thereafter. The Court will then resolve any remaining disagreements. Proposed judgments submitted to the Court should include the following language: "It is further

ORDERED that, until further notice from the Court, plaintiff(s) must refrain from selling or otherwise transferring its beneficial interest in the bond(s) involved in this action without advising the Court in advance and obtaining permission of the Court.”

SO ORDERED.

Dated: New York, New York
Dec. 20, 2007


UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE